Name

## Section Quiz 13.1: ECOLOGISTS STUDY RELATIONSHIPS

## Choose the letter of the best answer.

- 1. Which phrase best describes the focus of ecology?
  - a. individual organisms
  - b. individual cells
  - c. interactions among organisms
  - d. interactions among cells
- 2. What is the term for a group of different species in a given area?
  - a. population
  - b. ecosystem
  - c. community
  - d. biome
  - 3. Which level of organization in ecology is a major regional or global community of organisms?
    - a. an ecosystem
    - b. population
    - c. community
    - d. biome
  - 4. Studying a virtual ecosystem on a computer is an example of
    - a. experimentation.
    - b. modeling.
    - c. surveying.
    - d. observation.
  - 5. Which of the following is the best example of an observation study?
    - a. a quadrat sample
    - b. a laboratory experiment
    - c. a computer program
    - d. a population model



## SECTION QUIZ 13.2 BIOTIC AND ABIOTIC FACTORS

## Choose the letter of the best answer.

- 1. Which of the following is an example of a biotic factor in an ecosystem?
  - a. sunlight
  - b. stream
  - c. tree
  - d. rock
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Wind is considered to be an abiotic factor because it
  - a. is not related to biodiversity.
  - b. is a nonliving thing.
  - c. is in equilibrium.
  - d. is not in any ecosystem.
- 3. A rain forest has a high level of biodiversity because it has
  - a. many abiotic factors.
  - b. some endangered species.
  - c. few connections between living things.
  - d. a wide variety of living things.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 4. A keystone species is a species that
    - a. goes unnoticed if its numbers decrease.
    - b. alters an area by building bridges and dams.
    - c. leads to a decrease in an area's biodiversity.
    - d. has an unusually large impact on its ecosystem.
    - 5. Beavers are sometimes trapped for their fur. What could be one effect of increased trapping of beavers in an area?
      - a. Biodiversity among the area's fish would increase.
      - b. The number of herons and kingfishers would decrease.
      - c. There would be more nesting areas for waterfowl.
      - d. More trees would be cut down.

