KEY CONCEPT

Every organism has a habitat and a niche.



- A habitat differs from a niche.
- A habitat is all aspects of the area in which an organism lives.
 - biotic factors
 - abiotic factors
- An ecological niche includes all of the factors that a species needs to survive, stay healthy, and reproduce.
 - food
 - abiotic conditions
 - behavior



- Resource availability gives structure to a community.
 - Competitive Exclusion is a principle that states:
 - that when 2 species are competing for the same resources, one species will be better adapted to the niche, and the other will be pushed to another niche or go extinct.

- Two other results of competitive exclusion:
 - Niche partitioning The niche will be divided.
 - Evolutionary Response or Divergent Evolution The two species will further diverge.



 Ecological equivalents are species that occupy similar niches but live in different geographical regions.

